#### COMP1531

# 3.5 - SDLC Testing - Code Coverage

## How do we know if our tests are good?

#### Coverage

- **Test Coverage**: a measure of how much of the feature set is covered with tests
- **Code coverage**: a measure of how much code is executed during testing

#### Example: Leap years

```
1 def is_leap_year(year):
2    if year % 4 != 0:
3       return False
4    elif year % 100 != 0:
5       return True
6    elif year % 400 != 0:
7       return False
8    else:
9       return True
```

#### Coverage.py

- Measure code coverage as a percentage of statements (lines) executed
- Can give us a good indication how much of our code is executed by the tests
- ... and most importantly highlight what has **not** been executed.

#### Example: Year from day

```
1 def day_to_year(days):
       Given a number of days from January 1st 1970, return the year.
       year = 1970
 6
       while days > 365:
           if is_leap_year(year):
 8
               if days > 366:
 9
                   days -= 366
10
                   year += 1
11
12
           else:
               days -= 365
13
               year += 1
14
15
16
       return year
```

#### Checking code coverage

- Run Coverage.py for your pytests:
   coverage run --source=. -m pytest
- View the coverage report: coverage report
- Generate HTML to see a breakdown (puts report in htmlcov/)
   coverage html

#### Case study: Zune Bug

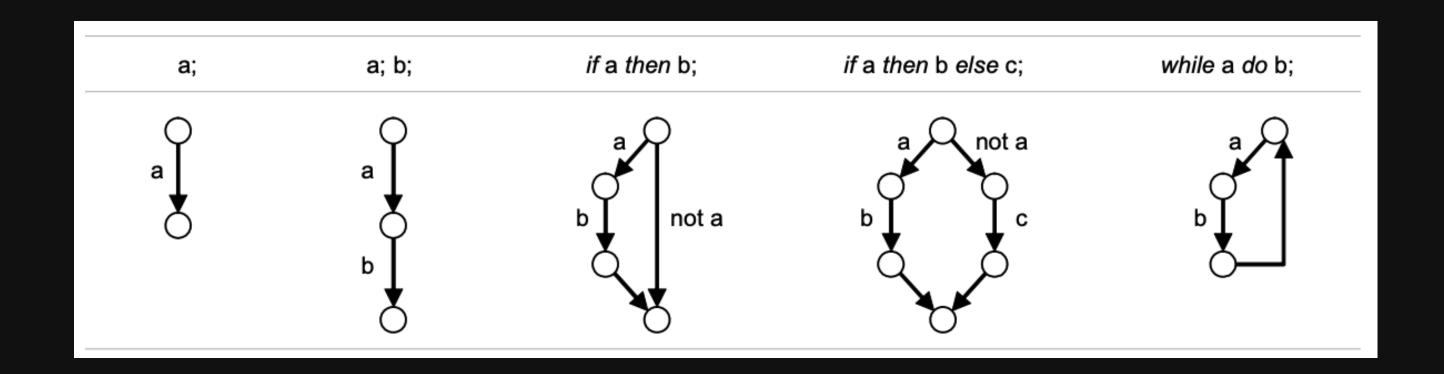
- On December 31st 2008, Microsoft Zunes stopped working for the whole day.
- The bug in the above code caused them to go into an infinite loop
- Hardly catastrophic, but embarrassing for Microsoft



## Can we find the Zune bug with testing?

#### Branch coverage checking

- For lines that can potentially jump to more than one other line (e.g. if statements), check how many of the possible branches were taken during execution
- Can be done with the --branch option in Coverage.py
- Sometimes referred to as edge coverage



### Does code coverage imply test coverage?

# What is the right level of code coverage?

#### Summary

- Code coverage is useful
- It's more important to look at what's not covered than the coverage percentage
- Branch coverage is a more accurate measurement so you should use it instead of statement coverage
- Like all measurements, it's important to understand what meaning to attach to it